Smoke & Your family's health

Smoke from wildfires, wood or pellet stoves, agricultural burning, and prescribed fires can damage your child's health and well being.

POOR AIR QUALITY

Poor air quality can cause...

- Itchy eyes, throat, and nose.
- Coughing , wheezing, and difficulty breathing.
- Asthma attacks.
- Chest tightness, dizziness or light headedness.
- Lung or heart diseases.
- Respiratory infections, like pneumonia.

How do I know the air quality is poor?

- Pay attention to fire and smoke related news reports.
- Check with your local clean air agency to learn if your air quality is poor, such as airnow.gov.

HOW DO I PROTECT MY KIDS? During burning?

- Stay indoors.
- Make the indoor air cleaner: Visit DOH.WA.gov/smokefromfires for recommendations.
- Go to your local library—these often have clean air.
- Visit friends or family living in areas with better air quality.
- Get medical assistance if your child has symptoms.
- Follow evacuation orders.

When returning to burned areas?

- Only return to burned area if recommended by authorities.
- Do not allow children or pets to play in ash.
- Keep kids out of the area during clean-up.
- Wet dust to clean up ash and wash fruits and vegetables thoroughly.
- If ash gets on your child: clean skin off with soap and water, change clothing.
- Avoid hazards, like downed power lines

For more information, visit: PEHSU.net DOH.WA.gov/smokefromfires WAburnbans.net

Contact the Northwest PEHSU 1-800-KID-CHEM pehsu@uw.edu DEOHS.Washington.edu/PEHSU

or debris.

Be aware of your increased risk of flooding.



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